NEWS OF THE MORNING. The dispatches from the East, giving assurance that the attack on Charleston commenced last week, and reports of its entire success, will create a lively thrill of satisfaction among loyal men. Beyond the announcement in the Richmond papers that General Hunter's forces had landed on John's Island, south of Stono Inlet, and driven in the rebel pickets, we have nothing of a positive character in regard to the attack. The direction of this movement indicates an effort to reach the railroad in the rear of Charleston, which is said to be the most accessible side of the rebel stronghold. The date of the landing is not mentioned, but as it was announced in a Richmond paper received at Fortress Monroe on the fourth of April, it may have occurred on the second or third. Whatever may be the character of the harbor defenses, it is certain that the nature of the country south of Charleston is not favorable to the erection of impregnable works. Hunter three years; one to be appointed by the Govhas a large army, well supplied with the most ernor, one by the Board of Supervisors of San efficient artillery known to the service. Whether the iron-clad fleet of Admiral Dupont was to enter the harbor at the time of Hunter's advance, or await the result of the land attack. can only be a matter of conjecture. All the particulars of the plan of assault have been carefully concealed. Up to a late hour last former provides that the money collected for night, Government had not been advised of the result, but definite intelligence will doubtless and be set apart as a distinct fund for the conbe received to-day.

The merciful policy of the President towards results. Hooker has been reinforced by the return of the wanderers at the rate of fifteen hun- gives the city control, the other assumes that dred a day. The President very properly took into consideration the discouragement caused by the bad management of the army, the rigors of the season, and the infamous misrepresentations of treasonable newspapers. He assumed that the majority of the deserters were patriwho were afraid to return, even under more punishment. The results prove that the asissue of that proclamation of amnesty Hooker has regained enough return troops to form another army corps for the march to Richmond.

As we surmised, the reports that the rebels were inclined to evacuate Richmond and Virginia have been shown to be idle rumors or strategic stories. The enemy will fight north of Richmond and desperately dispute every mile of the march of our army upon the rebel Capital. Their crack corps of cavalry guards their left flank at Culpepper. They have redoubts in the vicinity of the principal fords of the Rappahannock. They are supposed to have its going into the State treasury, and that is, a force in the Shenandoah valley, but the main body of Lee's army is between the Rappahannock and Richmond.

The Connecticut election was held yesterday. We have a brief, but glorious announcement from Hartford, that the friends of the Administration have carried the State. Buckingham has defeated that malignant enemy of the Union cause, Thomas H. Seymour. Colonel Henry C. fully the principle that no money should Deming, Union nominee, has been elected to he collected as wharfage in the harbor which is Congress from the First, or Hartford district. No returns have been received from the other three districts. Colonel Deming was formerly a Democrat, and has become strongly anti-slavery during the war. Upon accepting the Repubican nomination, he thus stated his position:

I am on the side of the Nation, and of the captain, too, who for the time being is at the helm. I will give him all the money and all the means he demands while contending with his mutinous crew. I will place full faith and confidence in his honesty and fidelity to his country. I will not criticise over nicely the mode he has adopted to crush the rebellion. I shall turn my back upon no war measure he has cheen to inverse. back upon no war measure he has chosen to ina rate, but will adhere to and follow him for the caus

The Peace party has been laid out cold by the recent elections.

From Europe, we have news that the Polish thing of the kind is done, the wharves will be insurrection is at an end, and that the Czar very likely to continue in the hands of those Alexander has decided to make concessions to | who now possess them. A change is demanded, Polish ideas of nationality and liberty. The Dictator is a prisoner.

By telegraph from San Francisco, we are in formed that the steamer Golden Age arrived yesterday from Panama, bringing 625 passengers and the New York mails of March 11th. At noon, yesterday, there was a slight shock of an earthquake at San Francisco.

By Overland mail, we have detailed advices from St. Louis to the 16th of March, and from New York to the 12th of the same month Among the matters of interest received and published are a .list of the Acts passed at the late session of Congress, and General Hunter's order for the movement against Charleston.

A letter from our special correspondent at Boston appears in this issue.

In the State Senate, yesterday, the following bills were passed: An Act for the better protection of orchards, vineyards and gardens; An Act to authorize the re-location of the Central Pacific Railroad; An Act appropriating \$1,000 for the relief of Martin Winslow; An Act to repeal the Act establishing the boundary line between Monterey and San Luis Obispo counties.

In the Assembly, the following bills were passed: An Act to exempt the property of the California Bible Society from taxation; an Act to provide for the retention of the hides of cattle slaughtered in certain counties. J. W. Owen made certain statements in regard to alleged fled to the rebels, was placed in command of a speculation in postage stamps by the Sergeantat-Arms, and proposed a resolution providing for another Investigating Committee, but after a long discussion the resolution was laid on the

DEATH BY THE ROADSIDE .- A man, whose name is unknown, was found dead, on Friday morning last, on the roadside, a short distance from Hazel Valley, in El Dorado county. On Tuesday afternoon, March 31st, at half-past four o'clock, he stopped at the Hazel Valley House, kept by R. F. Kent, being at the time on his way from Washoe. At half-past eight o'clock on the morning of April 1st, he started away as he came-on foot, carrying a carpet sack. During Wednesday afternoon and Thursday, he was observed laying on the ground three miles from Kent's house, by different parties, but was supposed to be asleep. On Friday morning, it was ascertained that he was dead, and, doubtless, had been since Wednesday merning. An inquest was held over the body, and a verdict returned to the effect that he died from the effects of an apoplectic fit, There were no papers about him calculated to lead to his identity. He had stated the night before his death that he had worked at the Gould & Curry claim. He was about thirtyfive years old, five feet eleven inches in hight, of light complexion, and weighs about 180 pounds. His carpet sack contained \$850, a gold pen, a pair of boots, and one or two shirts, Davis used the following language: socks, etc. One sock was marked with the letters "R H E," which may possibly be the initials of his name.

THE RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.—The majorities received by the Republican candidates at the recent election in Rhode Island do not represent the whole strength of the war policy of the Administration in that State. By mail we have received the proceedings of the nominating Conventions. There was no peace party in the field. The "Democratic" and "Constitutional Union" Conventions adopted war platforms, and nominated ex-Governor Hoppin, a Republican, for Governor. James Y. Smith, the successful candidate, had seven votes in the "Democratic" Convention and 24 in the "Constitutional Union" Convention. Rhode Island is for the Union and the war clean through,

COWHIDED .- A dispatch dated at San Francisce, April 5th, says: "Captain Fenn, of the Continental Guards, was cowhided on Second street, last evening, by a friend of a woman he that Louis McLane was the responsible head of the Overland Mail Company. had insulted.'

SAN FRANCISCO WATER FRONT.

not applied to the improvement and building of

wharves and docks, and dredging slips, etc.

This is the correct ground, and if the system is

faithfully administered it will matter but little

to the city whether she administers it or

whether the State, as trustee, administers it for

State. A few years ago certain wharves in San

Francisco were leased for a term of years to

private individuals, who have taxed commerce

to the extent of their power; those leases ex-

and the passage of a bill is necessary to accom-

IN AN EDITORIAL addressed to the Peace Dem

declaimed by the hour against the resolutions approing of the acts of the President in calling out the tree

e tolerated in any country in Europe which pretends the elements of civilization and liberty." This is

Breckinridge was only a little over a year

present day. Breckinridge denounced the

measures of the Government which looked to

the putting down of the rebellion; he pro-

nounced the Constitution trampled under foot;

he declared the country to be practically under

a military despotism, and all this was done in

merely repeating what Breckinridge and other

Peace Democrats of his sort advanced nearly

two years ago. In a few weeks after making

great stickler for the Constitution; so is Val-

landigham. Breckinridge was opposed to the

war against rebels, and so is Vallandigham;

Breckinridge was virtually opposed to the ex-

ercise of the military power to suppress treason,

and so is Vallandigham; Breckinridge, with all

his dislike of war, is a Brigadier General in the

rebel army, as Vallandigham will be whenever

he chooses to march over into the rebel lines.

The rebel leaders look upon him as one of their

friends, and they doubtless stand ready to pro-

mote him whenever he appears in their ranks.

In his absence they make use of his speeches as

VALLANDIGHAM AND THE VOLUNTEERS .- When

the Opposition candidates for Congress in the

loyal States went before the people last Fall,

they sought to make capital by claiming that

three-fourths of the volunteers were "Dem-

ocrats." But since Copperhead intrigues have

been developed, and the brave boys have given

rebels at home, the most malignant of the

'Democratic" leaders have ventured to in-

clude the patriotic soldiery in their systematic

abuse. The audacity of Vallandigham, in this

his harangues, delivered in the city of New

The idea of officers and men, sent to the battlefield

The lides of officers and men, sent to the battlefield to fight against an enemy in arms, turning their backs upon their enemy, and their faces upon the men who feed them, clothe them, and who have given them all the liberties they ever had, and who, instead of them, mean to maintain those liberties! They cannot frighten any man who is fit to be a freeman.

Vallandigham's estimate of our soldiers and

their mission is of no importance, except as in-

dicating that he and his associates, in view of

the declarations of the army, have ceased to

claim that the volunteers sympathize with them in their treasonable course. That is a point

in their treasonable course. That is a point gained. The people are with the army in feeling and sentiment.

Correction.-In a Washington letter pub-

tently made use of the name of Louis McLane

instead of Allan McLane, in connection with the

tendering of the hospitalities of the Atlantic and

Pacific Mail, and Panama Railroad Companies,

to the California Congressional delegation. Our

correspondent made a mistake, also, in stating

ocrats, the New York Times said :

Vallandigham's sentiment exactly.

plish it.

STATE PRISON LABOR. This water front question has been a trouble-The State Prison Directors are commendably some one for some years past, and, if possible, striving to so dispose of the labor of the conought to be disposed of by the Legislature pervicts as to insure a return which will place manently. To this end two bills are before that the institution in a position where it may nearly body: one introduced by Banks in the Assem- or quite pay expenses, and thus relieve the peobly, the other offered in the Senate by Oulton. ple from a heavy annual tax. With the same The general aim of the two bills appears to be end in view, Governor Downey and those who nearly the same, as both provide that the money acted with him, leased the labor of several huncollected for wharfage shall be expended for dred convicts by contract, but the Legislature building and repairing wharves, dredging slips, did not approve them. In State Prison labor a and otherwise improving the city front. When difficulty has always been encountered, in so no further improvements are needed, the rates disposing of it as not to injure the industrial in are to be so reduced as only to collect enough terests of the country. Particular care has generally been exercised to avoid coming in to pay for keeping the wharves, docks, slips, ompetition with mechanics and manufacturers etc., in repair. In detail, the bill of Banks is in the immediate vicinity of the prison. Notmore full; it contains thirty-seven sections; that of Oulton covers the ground in twenty-one withstanding these precautions, exciting controversies have been produced in New York and sections. But the distinctive difference in charother States, in consequence of the passage of acter between the two bills is, that Banks' provides that the city shall control the front, Acts disposing of the labor of convicts for mewhile Oulton's stipulates that the State shall chanical and manufacturing purposes. In Calmanage the matter for the benefit of the city ifornia convicts have not heretofore been exand commerce. The bill of Banks provides for tensively employed in manufacturing any article a Board of three Commissioners, to held for except brick, and hence the disposal of that kind of labor has not excited much remark. But recently a proposition has been submitted to the Francisco, and one by the Chamber of Com-Directors to contract for the service of a large number to be employed in manufacturing merce. Oulton's names the same number of woolen goods. To accept such a contract would Commissioners to manage the city front busibring the labor of the convicts into direct comness, but proposes that one shall be elected by the Legislature, one by the voters of the State, petition with the woolen manufactories in San and one by the people of San Francisco. The Francisco who have something near a half million of dollars invested in the business. Those mills, as we are informed, are now supplying wharfage shall be paid into the city treasury, the demand for the State. They furnish a superior article at a lower price, and have sucstruction of wharves and improvement of the city front. The latter requires the money to be ceeded measurably in stopping the importation deserters is said to have produced gratifying paid into the State treasury, and be set apart of woolen goods into this State. By the operaas a State Wharf and Dock Fund. One bill tions of these mills a home market for wool has been created which nearly absorbs the product of the State. Of course, if these San Francisco the people of the State are interested in the mills, with those in Oregon, are supplying the commerce of the city of San Francisco, and therefore provides that they shall retain the demand for this coast, the establishment of a power of controlling the water front of that large mill at the State Prison would overcity. The Senate evidently prefers the bill of stock the market and produce a competition Oulton, as it voted 26 noes to 7 ayes, on the mo- which the outside mills would have to meet at otic young men, who had been deluded, and tion to substitute the Banks bill. There are, great disadvantage. They pay the regular though, some modifications which should be wages for labor, while the State Prison conauspicious circumstances, for fear of degrading | made in the bill. It is hardly necessary to go | tractor and manufacturer would hire his men before the people of the State with the election for about thirty cents a day. It would seem sumption of the President was just. Since the of one of the Commissioners, unless they are that such a competition would inevitably force all so elected. As one is to be elected by the San Francisco mills out of the market, at the Legislature, and one by the people of the sacrifice of most of the capital invested. San Francisco, the appointment of the other Whether the employment of convicts is a matmight be given to the Governor. The wharfter of so much importance as to justify a step inger feature does not strike us very favorably; which will operate to destroy the woolen manuwe prefer the leasing system, with the right of facturing interest which has grown up in the the Commissioners to fix the rate of charges. State, is a question which commends itself to The bill of Banks seems to be favored by a porthe consideration of the Legislature. Convict tion of the daily press of San Francisco, belabor should be so directed as to interfere as little as possible with the producing industry of cause it leaves the management of the water front to the city, where it is claimed it should the people. be placed. It also pays the money into the city treasury. There is but one objection with us to that the Legislature, at some future time, speaks for itself: might find the General Fund short, and determine to pay members by borrowing from the Wharf and Dock Fund. Of the two bills, that of Oulton would prove most acceptable to the people of the State, while Banks' would probably prove the more satisfactory to the people of San Francisco. They both, however, recognize

MAIL DELINQUENCIES .- A correspondent of the Union, writing from Buckeye, Yolo county, April 5th, makes the following expose, which

In behalf of myself and other subscribers to the Union, I wish to call your attention to a grievous wrong practiced on the people of Buckeye, by the late United States Mail Agent or those having the carrying of the mail under his supervision. I will briefly recount the facts and trust to your having the neglect promptly repaired. For over six months no mail matter has been delivered at the Buckeye Post Office by an authorized United States Mail Carrier, but has invariably been carried and sent after by irresponsible persons, to and from Cotton-wood, a distance of eight miles, under no obli-gations to conduct and deliver it safely from

one office to the other.

On mail days no reliance can be placed on the On mail days no reliance can be placed on the arrival of the mail at the office, from the fact that the chance person going after the same may have a horse or other stock to hunt up, of more personal interest than carrying the mail for little or no compensation. If the people are lucky the mail will arrive in good season; if not, another volunteer is sent after the missing mail, whilst many of your subscribers, after traveling seven or eight miles to secure the reading of your paper on Sunday are forced to the joint benefit of the people of the city and pire generally in October next, and hence the necessity of passing a bill at the present ses-word, the evil must be remedied, as it is used sion providing for the future management of those agencies of commerce. Unless some-disloyal persons in this neighborhood. I attach no blame to the Postmaster.

> DR. BELLOWS ONCE MORE .- The following is an extract from a letter of this gentleman, acknowledging at length the receipt of Storey county contribution to the Sanitary Fund. It is dated New York, March 4th. He says:

I think this detailed account will satisfy you What does this man Vallandigham care about consti-tutional liberty? He cares precisely the same as his friend John C. Breckinridge did, when, on the 16th day of July, 1861—three months after the taking of Sumter by the rebels—he stood up in his seat in the Senate and that we have neither been ungrateful nor silent. If you doubt whether your silver arrows have reached our heart, shoot another in the same direction and follow it, and you will find both quivering in the mark you aimed at.

The munificence of the gifts we have received ing of the acts of the President in calling out the troops and declaring the blockade. "We are rushing," said Breckinridge, "and with rapid strides, from a constitutional Goversment into a military despotism. The civil authorities are paralyzed, and practical martial law is being established all over the land. The like never happened in this country before, and it would not be tolarated in any country in European the land.

from the Pacific coast has enabled us to spread omfort over the whole army, from New Oreans to Cincinnati, from New York to Newbern, Port Royal to the Rappahannock, from the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers to the Pamunkey and the Neuse. Should the mines of the infant Territories of the Pacific cease to vield us resources, we should soon be obliged to close our labors—which we hope to continue while there is a soldier in the field or a sick paahead of his brother Peace Democrats of the tient in the camp or hospital.

Present day. Breckinridge denounced the Yours for the Union and the nation—the

country, the whole country, and nothing but

THE DEATH OF GENERAL J. W. NOEEL .- The St. Louis Republican has the following notice of martial law and the Government fast tending to this late member of Congress, the notice of whose death was received here by Overland July, 1861. Vallandigham and associates are Telegraph:

General Noell was a public man for some twenty years. A lawyer of decided ability, he enjoyed a large practice in the southeastern part of Missouri, whenever his inclination or his speech and denouncing the Government of the Union as a military despotism, Breckinridge to engage in it. His first public service was in the Senate of the State of Missouri, to which he fied to the rebels, was placed in command of a brigade, and with his command attempted to invade his native State. Breckinridge was a great stickler for the Constitution; so is Val. member of Congress from the Southeastern Dis-trict, General Noell was elected to succeed him, and he filled the place for several terms. At the last election, for the next Congress, he received a certificate of election by a majority of six votes over John G. Scott.

> FATAL MINING ACCIDENT .- A distressing accident occurred in the claims of Reed & Leary, at Red Hill, Trinity river, April 1st. Edward Leary, Frank Reed and Leonard Rogers were at work in the claims at the time of the accident. The bank is about seventy feet high, and is worked with a hydraulic. While all three were busy a tremendous cave fell, and though all started to run, Reed and Rogers were caught by the descending mass, and before Leary could run to the ditch and shut the water off, both were buried. Both men were dead when taken out. Leary had a narrow escape, only avoiding the descending earth by a few inches.

INCORPORATIONS .- The following named companies have filed articles of incorporation in the office of the Secretary of State: Cherokee utterance to indignant rebukes of the assistant Gold and Silver Mining Company, Santa Isa-Gold and Silver Mining Company, Santa Isabel Silver Mining Company, Sol Carter Gold and Silver Mining Company, Yancey Gold and Silver Mining Company, Crystal Spring Water Company, Paul Thompson Gold and Silver Mining Company, Montreal Tunnel and Mining Company, Texas Consolidated Copper Mining Company, Lady Hafky Gold and Silver Mining Company, Amity Mining Company, and Manhattan Mining Company. respect, is noteworthy. In the course of one of his harangues, delivered in the city of New Company, Amity Mining York early in March, the Ohio agent of Jeff hattan Mining Company.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS. - The Democrats in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives refused, lately, to give the use of their Hall to Governor Johnson of Tennessee, and Governor Wright of Indiana, to address the mem-bers and citizens. They cannot bear to hear loyalty and patriotism speak in their hearing.

More Soldiers Coming .- The Visalia Delta

of April 2d says: Company D, Second Cavalry, Captain Mc-Laughlin, will leave for Sacramento next week, to endeavor to fill up its ranks by recruiting. Company I will remain here for the present.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT .- From J. G. Fox. news agent at Carson City, Nevada Territory, we lished yesterday, our correspondent inadver- have received Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper of March 14th, Forney's War Press, and has telegraphed Napoleon that he would give Poland her antonomy and liberal Constitution. Langiewitz has been conveyed to the fortress newspapers from St. Louis and Louisville. SINGULAR CASE .- G. P. Gregory of Palmyra canon (N. T.) was shot lately by some unknown

in his side, but the wound is not dangerous.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE UNION.] Dates to April 6th. REPORTED CAPTURE OF CHARLESTON By a Combined Movement of the Union Fleet

and Land Forces. New York April 6th. The Herald's Washington dispatch says: A report has reached here, via Fredericksburg, derived from rebel sources, that Charleston was bombarded by our fleet and attacked by our land forces on Thursday last, April 2d, and is now in possession of the Federals under General Hunter and Admiral Dupont. This report is fully credited by preminent officers of the Government, who are in possession of facts in reference to the contemplated attack on Charleston, which it is not yet prudent to divulge. It is certain, however, that those who possess information are confident that our sol liers and sailors will celebrate the second anniversary of the fall of Fort Sumter in the cap-tured city of Charleston. The restrictions upon publication in Southern papers are so stringent that it is not expected to find much in them in reference to the capture of Charleston until the disaster can no longer be concealed, but the reports which have arrived here are definite and positive, and believed by those who have the pest right to know what foundation there is for

FORTRESS MONROE, April 4th. The Richmond Dispatch says: The enemy have landed in force on Seabrook's or John's Island [south of Charleston], South Carolina. Three gunboats and several transports are lying of the island. Schimichland has already taken off the island. Skirmishing has already taken place between the pickets. Our pickets were driven in, and the enemy are advancing. General Haywood has ordered all women and chil-dren and non-combatants to be removed from Adam's Run, which is on the railroad, twenty miles from Seabrook's Island.

New York, April 6th.
The Times' special dispatch from Washington says: The city is nervous to-night over news derived from rebel sources that Charleston has fallen, and that our attack commenced on Fri day, April 3d, and was overwhelmingly success ful. A flag of truce came to Falmouth this morning. Newspapers smuggled under it make no mention of Charleston.

Connecticut for the Union.

HARTFORD, April 6th—10 r. m.
The Republicans have carried the State, and elected Henry C. Deming to Congress from the First Congressional District. We are unable as yet to give majorities.

The Peace Propositions of France. WASHINGTON, April 6th. The State Department had not, up to yesterday, received any official response to the Secre-tary's letter declining the peace propositions of

the French Government. Nothing Additional from Charleston. CHICAGO, April 6th. At this hour (eleven P. M.) we have nothing additional in regard to the attack on Charles

ton. Should it have been successful, as asserted by deserters, we will probably have full partic-

ulars by steamer to Fortress Monroe to-morrow Rebel Movements in Virginia-Extensive Return of Federal Deserters-Washington News-Arrest and Imprisonment of a Rebel Spy-Rela-

tions with Great Britain. NEW YORK, April 6th. Information has been received contradicting positively the reported preparations by the bebels to evacuate Richmond. These reports were based upon the movements of troops and materials from Richmond to strengthen the de-fenses at other points of the Confederacy. It is believed, however, that the rebels are erect-ing formidable defenses at Chattanooga, as a place for a last grand rally in case of being compelled to retire from the border States. General Lee, with a considerable force, is in Shenandoah Valley. Prisoners captured by our troops have been found with passes bear ing his signature. Fitzhugh Lee is in the neigh borhood of Culpepper with his cavalry.

The President's proclamation has caused the eturn of fifteen hundred deserters daily to their regiments. Thus far no impediment en thrown in the way of enforcing th proclamation, notwithstanding the time laid down in the proclamation for the return of de-serters has expired, and the Government is disosed to deal leniently with all who return to neir regiments. The Committee on the Conduct of the War

arged on the President, yesterday, the issue of etters of marque. The subject was the occasion of a protracted Cabinet meeting afterward, n which two heads of department were as positively opposed to the measure as others were in favor of it. The conclusion was deferred. A notorious Secessionist named General Wil liamson, formerly Attorney General of Mary land, was arrested yesterday by order of Judge Advocate Turner. His baggage contained a num ber of letters involving prominent parties in New York and Baltimore. He was sent to Fort

Lafayette.
Our relations with Great Britain are considered by those who are conversant (?) with them extremely delicate. The correspondence between Russell and Adams, in relation to the fitting out and sailing of the pirate Alabama, is contained in the Blue Book, but not yet published in this country. The correspondence is lished in this country. The correspondence is still going on touching the construction and equipment in British waters of other piratical vessels, conducted on the part of England in an unfriendly tone, if not menacing and provoca-tive of war. Russell plants himself on the strict letter of the statute, and in effect refuses to take the remedy of the grievances complained of. The matter has recently been se riously discussed in the Cabinet.

Late Charleston Papers Acknowledge an Attack, and make no Boasts.

NEW YORK, April 6th. Fortress Monroe dispatches state that Charleston papers had been received there. They acknowledge that the attack on that city had been commenced, but don't intimate either a success or a repulse. If the latter, they would have announced it in the most glowing terms. It is generally believed in official circles that no re verse has been sustained, and there is the best reason to believe that news will soon be re ceived of the capture of that city.

Affairs in North and South Carolina. WASHINGTON, April 6th. Official information received states that the rebels have a large force at Washington (N.C.), and the belief is expressed in the same dispatch that about the 31st of March General Foster wa

engaged fighting them.
Up to one o'clock the Government received no intelligence regarding affairs at Charleston other than that already telegraphed. New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, April 6th. The weekly bank statement shows an increase of loans of \$600,000, decrease of specie, \$605,000, decrease of deposits, \$2,800,000. New York Stocks.

NEW YORK, April 6th. Gold very irregular and unsettled. Opening at 52 and declining to 49½; closing at 52½ a 52½; Sixes of '81, coupons, 105a105½; Seventhirties, 105a105¾; Pacific Mail, 190¾. Southern Deserters.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 5th. Twelve more deserters, with their horses and equipments, arrived to-day. They came from Wise's Legion, and report that their whole company would desert as soon as opportunity offered; that want of food was the cause of their desertion, and that their troops cannot

endure privations, from want of food, much

onger.

Skirmish near Memphis. MEMPHIS, April 4th A skirmish occurred on the Hernando plank oad, nine miles from here, to-day, between small bodies of Confederate and Federal cav-alry. The latter was compelled to retire, after a fight of an hour. Our loss was nine killed and wounded. The rebel loss is not known.

Union Forces Still Before Fort Pemberton. CAIRO, April 6th.
Advices from General Quimby's expeditio

up to Monday evening last have been received. No progress had been made in the reduction of the fort at Greenwood. Our forces were still in front of the enemy. There had been consider able picket skirmishing on shore. Fire at Boonville, Missouri.

Sr. Louis, April 6th. The fire at Boonville, Missouri, yesterday, destroyed property valued at \$50,000. Foreign News. New York, April 6th. The steamer City of Cork, from Liverpool on

the 21st of March, and with Queenstown dates to the 23d, has arrived.

The Times says the demand for money is active, in consequence of the rebel loan, which closed at 4% a4%. Subscriptions in all the titles amounted to about fifteen million sterling.
The Times considers the Polish struggle virtually at an end, and thinks the allied Powers justified in requiring that Poland shall have what was guaranteed by the treaty of Paris. The correspondent of the London News says it is rumored that besides the amnesty, the Czar

of Cracow. party, near the head of Illinois canon, in the IMPORTANT DECISION.—The United States Supreme Court has decided that it is not in the above vicinity. A large sized ball was lodged power of a State to tax United States stocks.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE UNION LAST VOCAL AND INSTRU-Earthquake-Arrival of the Golden Age-The Op-

position Steamer-The Chapman Pirates-Dis-

closures at Washington. SAN FRANCISCO, April 6th.
A slight shock of earthquake occurred about noon to-day. Some persons living on the hills experienced a sensation of nausea. The old Globe Hotel (frame), on Dupont street, came down with a crash, poledy injured. lown with a crash-nobody injured.

Steamship Golden Age, from Panama March 22d, brings 625 passengers, 110 bags mail, 600 tons freight and \$13,000 specie from Manzanillo. John Roderiguez, steerage passenger, died March 26th died March 26th. The Opposition Steamship Company sold tickets to-day for the next trip of the Moses Taylor. They pronounce the story about seizure of Company's effects in Nicaragua false.

They have later private advices from New York regarding the sailing of steamers, which do not confirm the report.

It is stated that four of the prisoners taken on the schooner Chapman will be tried by Military Commission at Alcatraz, as there is preof undeniable of their piratical intentions. The other prisoners will be tried by the United States Courts in this city, or kept in close confinement

until the end of the war.

A Washington letter says that the investigation by Secret Agent Brown revealed that places in the Branch Mint in this city were bought and sold. [So stated in the Union's Washingto correspondence, published yesterday.—Eps. Union ] One witness stated, under oath, that he loaned several hundred dollars to Tom Fitch which was not to be returned if Fitch obtained for witness a certain position; that he got the place, but it was only worth two-thirds as much as the one he had bargained for; that Fitch became alarmed about the investigation and tried to induce him not to testify. Another statement is that Fitch threatened to furnish facts against Stevens which would be the means of his removal. He failed to furnish the evidence, after making a visit to the Mint When he returned from the Mint he was flush of money, which was a remarkable circum stance, as he was dead broke when he arrived here from Placerville.

Six mining companies incorporated to-day aggregate capital stock, \$3,440,000.

HIGH GRADE.

MESSRS. EDITORS: In a few days the citizens will be called upon to virtually decide this question for all time. By requiring the candidates for Trusteeship to pledge themselves unconditionally to the High Grade, the principle will be settled, and the people can at any time come up to the grade when the majority of property owners upon any block petition therefor. In view of this no man should be sleeping at the post of duty. If we desire to put Sacramento City in a position which will dely the pernicious and contemptible influence of outside scandalizers, of inside croakers and opposition town builders, we should see that no Low Grade man or half-way, undecided High Grade man, is elected as Trustee of the city. Let the ques-tion be now decided and we will then know to what line to build our houses and where and how to attempt drainage.

INDIAN FIGHT ON OWENS RIVER .- A corre spondent of the Visalia Delta gives some partic ulars of the punishment inflicted on some Indians at Owens river. He says:

Learning that a large party of Indians had started with the intent of capturing White (our mail carrier) and several loaded teams, Captain Ropes ordered Lieutenant Doughty and twenty men in pursuit, on the morning of March 19th. He was soon joined by some citizens. An advance guard was sent forward, while the body was deployed as skirmishers. The Indians were strongly posted in a stony raving about five miles below the head of the lake After a brisk firing from both parties, Sergeant Ward Huntington led a charge into the ravine, killing and wounding several and driving the majority of them toward the lake. Here the Lieutenant, while leading the charge, had his horse killed under him. The battle lasted four hours, and in the total defeat of the Indian and the state of the several shadows. dians and the capture of all their weapons. During the fight the Lieutenant stood erect, directing his men, who were fighting the Indians after the Indian fashion. The men all behaved most nobly. Sergeant Huntington, Corporal McKenna and private P. Myers, particularly distinguished themselves. The Indians left sixteen dead on the field, while more are probably in the lake. The only man wounded control of the co ably in the lake. The only man wounded on our side was Corporal McKenna, who received an arrow through the chest, and an accidental load of buckshot in the foot. He is rapidly recovering.

The Delta adds:

On the edge of the water an Indian sprang ip out of the grass, within twenty feet of Cap tain Doty, and fired, instantly killing the horse. The Captain, thus suddenly unhorsed, advanced apon the savage, and dashed his brains out with is carbine. Our informant thinks not more than seven or eight of the Indians escaped. He thinks that when the infantry and howitzers new on the way from Los Angeles, arrive on the ground, short work will be made of Mr. Indian. Company E arrived at Camp Independence too late for the fight—much to their chagrin. They will probably get a chance yet.

Town Elections.-The town elections in the State of Maine, lately, resulted largely in favor of the Union. In Bangor, the Republicans elected their ticket by over five hundred major-ity; in Belfast, Augusta, Lewiston and other principal towns all their important candidates were chosen by considerable majorities. So far as heard from, eighty towns have gone Tunion and only thirty-one Democratic. At the election in Poughkeepsie, New York, George Tunis, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was chosen by one hundred majority.

IMPORTANT, -- See S. P. Whitman's notice in this UNION

Notice.—Announcements of Marriages, Births and Deaths, sent to this paper by mail or handed in at the office, must always be accompanied by the name of the writer or that of some responsible person, otherwise such notices cannot be published in the UNION.

MARRIED.

In Sacramento, April 5th, at the residence of J Batcher, by Rev. Father Gallagher, Anson Harris to Miss Conners. [We acknowledge the receipt of the usual favors, and

wish the happy couple much joy.—EDS. UNION.] wish the happy couple hugh joy.—Eds. Chion.]

In Sacramento, April 5th, by Rev. Dr. Peck, H. A. Mosss to Katie S. Adams, both of Sacramento.

In Sacramento, April 4th, by J. H. McKune, Jos. M. Schwab to Mrs. Barbara Romeo, both of Sacramento.

In Canon City, Trinity county, March 28th, Gustav Thede to Catharine Weckman.

In Weaverville, March 31st, Fritz Stierlen to Dorothy Graffelmann. THY GRAFFELMANN.
In Marysville, April 5th, Dr. G. L. WADLEY to Mollie CRAWFORD.

BIRTHS.

In Sacramento, April 5th, the wife of Thomas Hardge, of twins-a son and daughter. oridge, of twins-a son and daughter.

In Sacramento, March 29th, the wife of A. Quanchi In Folsom, March 24th, the wife of Davidson Murray. Near Lakeport, Lake county, March 2d, the wife of Rev. J. D. Bonner, of a son.

At Liberty, San Joaquin county, April 6th, the wife of John Jeffery, of a daughter.

At Canal Guich, March 30th, the wife of —— Castro, of a daughter.

DIED.

At Liberty, San Joaquin county, George Hiram, infant son of G. L. and Jessie Clark, aged 4 months.

In Weaverville, April 2d, Mary L., daughter of Jacob and Antonette Singer, aged 2 years and 5 months.

At Red Hill, Trinity county, April 1st, Frank Reed, aged 34 years.
At Red Hill Tribity county, April 1st, Leonard Rogens, aged 32 years.
On McKinney creek, Siskiyou county, Mary, wife of John Dogget, aged 35 years.
Near Visalia, March 25th, Andrew Kincaid, aged about 39 years.

Denver Quicksilver Mining Com-Panyr, Nos. 1, 2 AND 3 Consollidated.—The following delinquent shareholders of the above named Company, who have not paid the fourth assessment, are hereby notified that their stock will be sold at auction, as prescribed by law, at the office of the Secretary, No. 47 Fourth street, THURSDAY, the 7th day of May, 1863, at 12 ° clock M., viz: S. T. Leet, 15 shares; J. B. Dayton, 15 shares; C. E. Delond, 15 shares; J. Logan, 10 shares; J. Maddux, 16 shares; J. P. Ellis, 1 share; M. Buckland, 4 shares; J. J. Piper, 2 shares; J. Shoaf, 1 share; J. P. Clark, 15 shares; B. Hoin, 15 shares; John Hendly, 15 shares

By order of the Board of Directors,

A. C. SWEETSER, Secretary.

Sacramento, April 7, 1863.

37-1m

Notice. - Office Cosumnes Copper

MINING COMPANY, Michigan Bar, April 4, 1868. Notice is hereby given that the Board of Trustees of the above named company have this day levied an assess ment of Twenty-five Cents per share on the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, at the office of the Secretary at Michigan Bar.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

ap7-law4wT JOHN E. DIXON, Secretary.

Military Goods, Regalia for all Ore DERS, FLAGS, BANNERS, Etc. D. NORCROSS, Masonic Temple, No. 6 Post street, San Franci Trimmings. Hosiery, Worsteds, etc.
MRS. D. NOROROSS, Masonic Temple, No. 5 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

ap7-8m

TNFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION MAINTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.
INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.—INFORMATION WANTED.
INFOR

MENTAL CONCERT. MARTIN SIMONSEN,

The celebrated and world renowned Violinist, and Mrs. FANNY SIMONSEN, The best Operatic and Ballad Singer on the Pacific coast (formerly Prima Donna of the Opera of Paris), Beg to announce to the public of Sacramento city,

that they will give a GRAND CONCERT, REV. MR. BENTON'S CHURCH, SIXTH STREET, On Tuesday Evening, April 7, 1863. which occasion they will be assisted by MR. KUHE and A. STEINER, MISS ZIROM, Messrs. MORGAN and CAMERON.

Tickets, One Dollar Each, To be had at the Orleans Hotel, at the principal Music Stores, and on the evening, at the Door.

To commence at 8 o'clock precisely. For further particulars, see the handbills. ap7-1t COW LOST. -STRAYED from North San Juan, Nevada county Friday, March 27th, a BROWN COW white star in forehead, white belly, cu North San Juan. Any person returning the animal this place will be compensated for time and trouble. NOAH EVANS.

North San Juan, April 4, 1863. HORSE STOLEN.—ON SATurday night or early Sunday morning, a
ROAN PONY was stolen from Sargent's
ranch. He is generally known throughout the county
as the Sheriff's or Tax Collector's horse, having been
used nearly a year by Deputy Sheriff Cole in serving
summonses in tax suits. He stands about 14½ or 15
hands high, is branded with an S/ on the off shoulder,
and had good mane and tall, but his forctop was cut off
some time ago. A suitable reward will be paid for his some time ago. A suitable reward will be paid for his return to DAN. J. THOMAS, 11 Klay's Building, Sacramento.

INFORMATION WANTED OF JOHN NOCK, a native of Baden, Germany. When last heard from he was in Weaverville, Trinity county, in 1857. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by his brother, at the Sierra Nevada Hotel, Sacramento. ap7-1m\* ANSELM NOCK.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! L. SUYDAM & CO., (SUCCESSORS to A. P. Smith & Co.), have on hand a large assortment of FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS.

ap6 No. 40 J street, bet. Second and Third. 1m

ATTENTION, VOLUNTEERS! \$100 BOUNTY .- THE UNDER-

signed, late First Lieutenant Fifth Infantry, C nia Volunteers, having been recommended b United States Military Board, has been co sloned by his Excellency, Governor Stanford, Captair Company "C," Sixth Infantry California Volunteers under command of Colonel Henry M. Black, of the Regular Army, and has opened a Recruiting Office at No. 9 K STREET, between Front and Second. Subsistence and clothing will be furnished the men as soon as they are mustered into service.

Recruits will be entitled to a bounty of One Hundred

Recruits will be entitled to a bounty of One Hundred Dollars from the United States, and probably to additional bounty and pay from the State of California.

This regiment is destined for immediate and active service in the field.

THOMAS BUCKLEY,

Captain Company C, Sixth Infantry C. V.

March, 1868.

ap7-3p

ATTENTION, LIGHT CAVALRY!

Quarters, No. 7 Front street, between I and J, where Company M, First Regiment Cavalry, is filling up for active service in the East. Quarters, subsistence and complete outfit furnished the men as soon as accepted. One Hundred Dollars Bounty paid in addition to what is allowed by the Army Regulations. Apply, without delay, as abov ap7-1m3p G. T. WITHAM, Captain. FIELD & CO.,

TATE A. DESPECHER & FIELD. Wines, Brandies and Fine Groceries, NO. 55 J STREET, SACRAMENTO. MAGASIN FRANCAIS.

Orders from Cash or prompt-paying short time buyers promptly filled at the Lowest market prices. ap7-1m8p DRY GOODS AT COST!

GREAT BARGAINS ! :

A. HAMBURGER, 91 J Street,

Offers his SPLENDID STOCK of all kinds of DR

GOODS, such as Plain and Fancy Silks,

Cashmeres,

Hosiery, Calicoes, etc., etc.,

And all kinds of FANCY GOODS, at actual COST PRICE, In order to wind up his business.

Call and convince yourself of the truth-this is a A. HAMBURGER. 91 J Street.

NEW SPRING STOCK.

TONES, DIXON & CO.,

Cor. Sacramento and Sansome streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

Have in store and will receive by every steamer, New

MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS Ribbons, Trimmings, etc.,

Together with their usual Complete Assortment of White Goods, Hosiery,

Pocket Cutlery and

Small Wares All of which are offered for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES. mr20-1m2p

C. E. COLLINS. 602 Montgomery st., SAN FRANCISCO. Exclusive Agents for the

AMERICAN WATCH FACTORY. English and Swiss Watches. JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, WATCH-MAKERS' TOOLS, MATERIALS, ETC.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Giving my customers the full benefit of the remium in New York on gold coin, I am selling cods as low, or less than New York Prices, and thalf the usual prices in San Francisco. The difference on the price of a single silver or gold

difference on the price of a single silver or gold watch being from \$10 to \$50.

American Watches—Silver, \$25 to \$60; Gold, 18 kts., \$55 to \$300; Ladies', 18 kts., \$70 to \$125.

Swiss Watches—Silver, \$15 to \$30; Gold, \$40 to \$75; Ladies', 18 kts., \$35 to \$80; do., set with diamends, \$55. English Watches—Silver, \$25 to \$50; Gold, \$75 to \$175. Gold Chains from \$15 to \$100. Diamonds, Fine Jewelry, etc. Goods sent to any part of the State by express, with bill for collection on delivery.

Watch repairing at New York prices. Watch repairing at New York prices.

C. E. COLLINS,

602 Montgomery street,
mr25-1m2p San Francisco. 602 Mon mr25-1m2p

WHITE & BAUER. GENERAL NEWS AGENTS.

Custom House Place, Near the Post office, SAN FRANCISCO. Subscriptions received to all the principal

American and English Newspapers and Magazines. PRICE LISTS FURNISHED ON APPLICATION The Trade Supplied on Liberal Terms mr26-1m2p

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A URORA, MONO COUNTY, CALIPORNIA (ESMERALDA DISTRICT),
Buy and sell Exchange on San Francisco and Sacramento; purchase Gold and Silver Bullion; make advances on same for assay or deposit in United States Mint; make collections on most favorable terms.

Correspondents in San Francisco,
fe25-8m2p DONOHOE, RALSTON & CO.

M. GREENHOOD. FORWARDING, STORAGE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Carpenter's Building, Front street, (Between L and M), Sacramento.

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. H. GRIMM. AUCTIONEER. FLOWER SALE. FLOWER SALE.

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

On North Side of J street, near Fourth, a large collec-

FROM THE SACRAMENTO NURSERY. C. H. GRIMM, Auctioneer. ap7-1t

A RETAILERS' STOCK OF GROCE-AT AUCTION,

Also, one Express Wagon and Harness; Trucks,

Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Private Medical

Chronic and Private Diseases, and the Suppression of Quackery.

Attending and Resident Physician, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War; Chief Physician to the Twentieth Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary; the late Lecturer on Diseases of Genito-Urinary Organs and Diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

Particular attention paid to the treatment of diseases peculiar to Women and Children.

Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.

Spermatorrhæa,
Or local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, duliness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, pains in the side, affections of the eyc, pimples on the face, sexual or other infirmities in man, are cured by the justly celebrated Physician and Surgeon, L. J. Czapkay. His method of curing diseases is new (unknown to others), and hence the great success. All consultations, by letter or otherwise, free. Address mr25-1m2p L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., San Francisco.

DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS Will keep the Digestive Organs in a healthy condition, and prevent all Bilious Attacks.

DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS Derive their Stimulus from the powerful nature of the Roots and Herbs used in their composition.

their pristine vigor DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS Are weekly receiving the high encomi-ums of the Press the country over, and richly deserve them, as one trial will convince any one.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," is an old maxim, and a true one. Then use these Bitters. For sale by all respectable Druggists, Liquor Dealers

LATE SNEATH & ARNOLD, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

JOHN ARNOLD & CO.,

Groceries, Provisions, China and Patna Rice, Teas, Tobacco,

QUICKSILVER AGENCY,

INSURANCE AGENCY, For the IMPERIAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of London. Risks taken at reduced rates.

prices, with freight added. Prices current fur when desired. A continuance of the former liberal patronage of our

Sacramento.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14, 1863.
The public are informed that for their convenience a ull supply of REVENUE STAMPS, of all denominations, is always on hand at this office, and that I shall be pleased to receive their orders, which will be filled promptly and at the rates of commission allowed by the Government, to wit:

On sums of \$50 or more, 2 per centum. On sums of \$100 or more, 3 per centum. On sums of \$500 or more, 4 per centum.

On sums of \$1,000 or more, \*per centum.

On sums of \$1,000 or more, 5 per centum.

It is scarcely necessary for me to say that any information as to the law in reference to Stamps, or the rulings of the Department as to their use, so far as I

There has recently been published a work containing all the laws of Congress and the decisions of the Commissioner, which answer most of the questions daily being asked of me. I will send a copy by mail on receipt of fifty cents in postage or revenue stamps—the publishers' price. WM, Y. PATCH.

BANCROFT'S

MAP OF THE PACIFIC STATES. CALIFORNIA, OREGON. WASH-

We have been engaged for nearly three years past We have been engaged for nearly three years past endeavoring to prepare a correct and reliable map of this country. Besides availing ourselves of all the material within reach, official surveys and inpublished drawings and statistics, much of the ground has been traveled over for this special purpose, and the whole carefully examined and proved by more than five hundred intelligent gentlemen from different localities.

The work has been engraved on copper plate, and elegantly finished and mounted. It will be ready for canvassers early in April, and sold exclusively by subscription.

cription. Those desiring agencies will please apply either personally or by letter, to H. H. BANCROFT & CO.,

HARDWARE. 1863 THE SUBSCRIBERS have in store the following goods, which they offer for sale at reasonable rates, viz:

Fairbanks, Hay Scales, 6 and 10 Tons. FAIRBANKS' PLATFORM SCALES, 240 to 3,000 lbs. | Rubber Belting, all sizes, Cut Nails and Spikes, Rubber Packing, oil Chain,

Cordage, Hunt's and Collins' Axes, Wheelbarrows, Leather Belting, all sizes, Lace Leather,

at the lowest market prices.

Orders solicited, which shall have prompt attention.

ROCKWELL, COYE & CO., mr28-1m2p 37 and 39 Battery street, San Francisco

1.000.000 FINE IMITATION 500,000 GERMAN CIGARS. For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by

CIGARS.

310 Commercial street, between Battery and Front, San Francisco. FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

EMERY & ERWIN.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS, Raised by experienced Seedsmen in the Atlantic States and guaranteed. BAKER & HAMILTON, Agricultural Warehouse, Hardware and Seed Store,
mh16 1m2p

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BNUINE OIL OF COGNAC FOR
sale at Moderate Prices, and in quantities to suit,
By H. W. SCHMIDT,
Importer of European Drugs, etc.,
Corner Kearny and Sacramento streets,

GARDEN PLANTS, BY C. H. GRIMM,

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On Wednesday, April 8, at 10 A. M., ON THE PREMISES. Corner of Tenth and N streets, the entire stock of Gre-

Also, one Express Skids, Tools, etc., etc.

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DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS Are pleasant to the taste, and as a CORRECTIVE, cannot be excelled.

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ocers throughout the country.

Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast,

REDINGTON & CO.,

416 and 418 Front street,

San Francisc

L. ASAHEL UPSON.

JOHN ARNOLD, JOHN M'NEILL,

Having made business connections in New York with Messrs. WOOD & KENYON, formerly merchants of Sacramento, we will be in constant receipt of CHOICE ISTHMUS BUTTER, and all other articles of merchandise in our line, by every steamer and clipper.

We keep a large and well selected stock of

CALIFORNIA PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS, ETC. Also, Fine French and Domestic Liquors. And are prepared to offer the Trade better inducements than ever before.

Orders for goods not in our line will receive prompt attention, without extra charge. Any business that our customers may desire attended to in San Francisco, address "John Arnold & Co, corner of Front and Clay streets," and our Agents, Messrs. Derby & Adams, will promptly attend to the same.

For the NEW ALMADEN MINES. A large supply always on hand, and furnished to customers at San Francisco prices, or Agents' rates.

We guarantee to furnish Goods at San Francisc

friends and customers is respectfully solicited.

JOHN ARNOLD & CO.,

Late Sneath & Arnold,

Old Store, corner J and Seventh streets,

REVENUE STAMPS. OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

may be able, I am always ready cheerfully to give.
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COLUMBIA and the SANDWICH ISLANDS. Size, 52x64 inches. Scale, 24 miles to the inch.

Booksellers and Stationers, San Francisco, California.

Together with a very general assortment of HARD-WARE and MINING IMPLEMENTS, which will be sold

GROWTH OF 1862.-JUST RE-ceived, ex steamer Golden Age, a full assort-

fe27-3m2p