

been performed on foot, it being impossible to use horses, owing to the rough character of the country; but their labors, coupled with that of the other troops in the valley, have been crowned with success, resulting, as they have, in the subjugation of the Indians, and terminating thus speedily a war which promised to be of much longer duration.

*Remarks on Return of Company E, Second Cavalry, for May, 1863.*— Between the tenth and twelfth instant some twenty-five or thirty Indians were taken prisoners at Big Pine Creek and sent to Camp Independence, by order of Captain M. A. McLaughlin.

*Remarks on Return of Company K, Second Cavalry, for May, 1863.*— On May first, pursuant to orders from Major Gallagher, at Fort Ruby, Nev., Captain S. P. Smith left Fort Ruby with company to march against the Indians committing depredations on the overland mail route. May second, Lieutenant Quinn, with his detachment, joined the company at Shell Creek. May fourth, forty miles south of Shell Creek, had a fight with the Indians, killing twenty-nine. Private John L. Cree was slightly wounded by an arrow in the back. May sixth had another fight with Indians in Cedar Swamp, fifty miles south of Spring Valley Station; killed twenty-three Indians. Arrived at Fort Ruby on May tenth, after traveling a distance of two hundred and fifty miles.

*Remarks on Return of Company L, Second Cavalry, for May, 1863.*— A detachment of four men of the company, in command of Orderly Sergeant Henry C. Church, came upon a party of fourteen Indians near headwaters of Owens River. Attacking them they killed four, and the balance, retreating into the rocks, made their escape. The company has been scouting constantly, and has destroyed about three hundred bushels of seed "cached" near Bishop Creek and vicinity. Most of the caches were found by Sergeant Beebe.

*Remarks on Return of Company K, Second Cavalry, for June, 1863.*— On the fifteenth of June, pursuant to orders from Colonel Connor, at Camp Douglas, Captain Smith left Deep Creek and traveled to Government Springs with company, a distance of one hundred and ten miles. On the morning of the twentieth surprised a camp of Indians; killed ten. Found an overland horse in their possession.

*Remarks on Return of Company M, Second Cavalry, for June, 1863.*— On June 9, 1863, Captain Price, Lieutenant Conrad, and sixty men of Company M, Second Cavalry, California Volunteers, left this post by order of commanding officer at Fort Bridger, on an Indian scout two hundred miles north, to headwaters of Snake River. Returned to this post on twenty-first, having traveled over four hundred miles. Captured forty-nine Shoshone Indians without loss or accident to the troops. Brought the Indians to this post.

*Remarks on Return of Company D, Second Cavalry, for July, 1863.*— Pursuant to instructions received from Headquarters Department of the Pacific, a detachment of seventy men, composed of Companies D, E, and G, Second Cavalry, California Volunteers, and twenty-two men belonging to the Fourth Infantry, California Volunteers, left this camp (Independence), July 11, 1863, with the Indians captured near this place, numbering about one thousand (all under the command of Captain McLaughlin), for San Sebastian Reservation, near Fort Tejon, Cal.

*Remarks on return of Company F, Second Cavalry, for August, 1863.*— Left Camp Union, Cal., July 28, 1863, per Special Order of General commanding Department of the Pacific, and arrived at Camp Bidwell,