

San Joaquin Republican

DEMOCRACY—"A sentiment not to be appalled, corrupted or compromised. It knows no weakness; it covers to no danger; it opposes no weakness; it is the sentiment of Freedom, of equal rights, of equal obligations—the law of nature pervading the law of the land."

City and County Official Press.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,
OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOSEPH LANE,
OF OREGON.

STOCKTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, July 28.

The Democratic State Central Committee will meet in the city of San Francisco, on MONDAY, the 30th day of July inst., at ten o'clock, a.m. A general attendance is earnestly requested.

JOS. P. HOGE,

Chairman S. C. Committee.
San Francisco, July 16, 1860.

The Independent Press.

The duties of the Press are two-fold; to maintain the constituted authorities in the exercise of their constitutional powers, and to protect the people against any tyrannical abuse of them. To read some of our independent daily newspapers one would suppose that the first duty was no portion of what they had to discharge. No matter how a man may acquit himself, if he hold an office under government, he is according to some of our contemporaries, to be denied the rights of a citizen, and excluded from giving expression to his sentiments, under any circumstances.

The great argument of the *Bulletin* against an address to the National Democracy of California, published in the *Herald* a few days ago, is on the ground that a man in office is necessarily a regent. We admit that he is in some measure to be considered as an interested witness, that he is the advocate of a case in which he himself has a stake. But what of that? Where his testimony is not corroborated by that of others, we consent that it shall be excluded. But as to his being allowed to advocate his own case, or not allowed, the right is too securely established for any sophistry to overturn.

If the arguments of the signers of the address are, as the *Bulletin* states, "about as sound as it would be to assume that the repeal of the Indian Agency system of California does not legislate Vince Geiger out of office," and several other instances which may be disposed of on the ground that in logical syllogisms the major includes the minor, what is the use of using a so peculiarly personal mode of reasoning, on this occasion (which it must pain even the *Bulletin* to resort to) as the following: "After perusing this extraordinary document, we have looked with interest to the names attached thereto, to ascertain what class of men are the advocates of disunion in California."

After this, one would have supposed that it had been signed by a number of those noted characters to whom the Vigilance Committee had seen fit to direct its attention, and that along with a list of their names, we were also to be furnished with a catalogue of their crimes. No such thing. The greatest charge which can be hunted up is, that "out of a list of sixty-five, twenty are well known office-holders under the Administration." It is unworthy of a respectable newspaper to seek to establish its position on such a silly argument.

THE LONDON MORNING CHRONICLE.—The London Morning Chronicle has been purchased by the proprietor of the London Morning Post. The former paper will cease to exist on the 1st of August next. The *Chronicle* was established in 1770, eighteen years before the London Times. It was in the *Chronicle* that the famous letter of Junius was first published. Burke, Fox, Sheridan, Tom Moore, Campbell, Goldsmith, Byron and Dickens may also be numbered in the brilliant array of writers for the *Chronicle*, and after a career of ninety years, it now disappears from the list of British journals.

The above notice, which has been going the round of the newspapers, is not exactly correct. The letters of Junius were published in the *Public Advertiser*. The *Chronicle* assumed the foremost position among London journals under the editorship of the famous PEARCE, a Scotsman, who was the first to adopt the present system of reporting parliamentary debates, and the proceedings of other public meetings, by having a regular relay of reporters, who relieve each other by turns, so that one is only employed for twenty minutes at a time. Under his management, it was the foremost paper in London, both as to talent and circulation. Under the management of the late Mr. Walter, the *Times* became the foremost paper, and now, under that of Mr. Foster, the talented author of the *Life of Goldsmith*, has completely distanced not only the *Chronicle*, but every newspaper in the British Islands, with the exception of the *Illustrated London News*—with which, however, it does not come into competition. The standing of the *Chronicle* is second only to the *Times*.

New Grapes.

Yesterday there were laid upon our table two bunches of grapes, of the Sweetwater variety, from Mr. John Sturm's garden, on Lindsay's Point.

ARRIVALS.—The schooner Pastime, Captain Pool, with 135 sacks of potatoes and 13 sacks of onions, and the schooner Chance, Captain Brown, with 122 sacks potatoes, arrived yesterday.

LARGE REWARD.—The Royal Arch Masons of Sacramento offer a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest and conviction of Wm. Wells, for the murder of George Armstrong.

Telegraphic News.

BY THE STATE LINE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.

Sarah Ann Smith has a suit in Court against Mrs. Hoffman, to recover possession of premises on the Potrero Nuevo. Yesterday, while Mrs. Hoffman was in town attending to her suit, Mrs. Smith, Edwin Smith, James M. White, B. Farwell, Eugene Peguillan and John Wade, attorneys at law, so Mrs. Hoffman's complaint says, broke into the house and took forcible possession.

Among the company en route for San Quentin, who lodged at the city prison last night, was John E. Haight.

At 3 o'clock Judge Blake will hear James White's reasons for getting out a writ of habeas corpus, and asking that Haight be discharged from Chief Burke's custody. He claims that Haight was indicted for one offense and tried for another, at San Luis Obispo; that one of the grand jurors who indicted him was not a citizen; that a justice sat as an associate on the trial, who was not an associate Judge, and that the Sheriff's warrant even was defective.

Jesse C. Fouchey has commenced a suit against E. C. Marshall, for a decree requiring Marshall to re-convey a lot on the site of the Sherbrooke claim.

No through passengers left this city to day on the stage for the east. One, however, was booked from San José to St. Louis, six for Visalia, and six left here to be dropped on the way. The number of letters was 9,132.

Abner Basset has been awarded the contract to dredge the Oakland Bar. It is not to cost more than the county appropriated, \$35,000, and is to be commenced immediately. L. Quint brings suit in the Fourth District Court against Wells, Fargo & Co., to recover money on a garnishment, which they decline to pay, in a suit of Quint vs. Johnston.

Behr has commenced suit in the Twelfth District Court against Robert Hogen, drugist, for alleged slander. Damages are set at \$5,000.

The John L. Stephens will leave for Panama on Wednesday next, the 1st of August. The Court of Sessions met at 3 o'clock to day, to receive the Grand Jury. The County Court meets to-morrow at 9 a.m.

Indian Difficulty.—Constable Killed.

We have just learned from a friend of ours, who witnessed a portion of the affray, that Constable Miles Huntsman, of Lancha Plana, Amador county, was killed on the 26th inst., by Indians at that place under the following circumstances:

It appeared that there had been a pow-wow, or grand gathering of Indians, on the occasion of the marriage of the son of one of their captains to the daughter of the head of another tribe, when whisky had been flowing rather freely among them. While they were in this excited state, a Mexican applied to Constable Huntsman to assist him in recovering a horse which had been stolen from him by the Indians, and which the Mexican had found in the possession of one of them. The Constable went to the rancharia for that purpose, about half a mile from town, but what took place is mere surmise, as there was no white man along with him. When first seen some six or eight Indians were shooting arrows at him, and he firing his revolver at the Indians. At last he fell, calling out—murder. He was wounded in several places—the fatal wound being by an arrow passing from one side right through his body, and remaining in the wound. The alarm was soon given, and the people of the town rushed out in pursuit of the Indians, and an irregular fight took place, some of the whites using fire-arms, some stones, and the Indians making use of bows and arrows. One Indian was killed, and two or three more are supposed to have been killed.

The following additional particulars, we gather from an extra of the Lancha Plana Dispatch:

Whether Huntsman or the Indians fired the first shot, there is conflicting testimony. An Indian says that the Indians shot at Huntsman first, when he drew his pistol and fired; both kept shooting until the Indian fell. By this time some thirty or more of the red devils came on the whoop, and commenced shooting arrows into Huntsman, who finding he was badly wounded, retreated, the Indians shooting until he fell; when they all broke and ran in different directions. One hundred or more persons, armed and unarmed, hastened to the scene of difficulty, where they found Huntsman expiring, and all the Indians gone with the exception of Captain Powell's tribe, who stood and gave up their arms. Dr. Bowman and others being mounted, rode up to the squad near the reservoir, and ordered them to surrender their arms. One of the Indians drew his bow and shot an arrow at Dr. B., which missed him and went into his horse, wounding him severely. The Indian then ran, and after getting off a few yards, turned and was about to shoot again, when he was prevented by the Doctor giving him the contents of a shot gun. Simultaneously with this, a dozen or more shots were fired, completely riddling him. The balance of the Indians then made for the river, and crossed under a heavy fire from their pursuers. Those who were mounted followed, but were unable to overtake them, as they took to the hills and chapparal.

Mort or Mart Howard overtook one Indian mounted, near Campo Seco. Howard demanded his horse, whereupon a fight ensued, Howard shooting at and then beating him over the head with his pistol; the Indian shot an arrow into Howard, when they clinched, and but for the timely arrival of a miner, who came with a shovel, and after a few blows, felled and secured the Indian. H. would have been killed on the spot. Both were taken to Campo Seco. Howard is not expected to live, as he is pierced with an arrow to the depth of six inches, the head remaining in his body.

The Indian who owned the horse about which the difficulty occurred, had been found in the chapparal, with his leg broken below the knee. His leg was amputated by Drs. Boardman and Schoneman.

The schooner Caroline G. Foote has arrived with 151 camels from Tartary. Seventeen died on the passage. They are intended for use on the plains.

Another Nut for the Argus to Crack.

The organ of squatter sovereignty is like the diadema; if you fire at and strike him, down he goes under the water for a while, but he soon pops his head up in another place. If you strike him again, he disappears in an instant, but comes to the surface in a new place. The *Argus* says the difference between it and ourselves is, that the *Argus* stands by popular sovereignty, but that we have asserted it, and our neighbor quotes Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance on us to prove this. Now this is taking a club to break its own head, but the *Argus* will not believe it until its head shall be broken. If the *Argus* can understand that letter, why that is not our misfortune. The democrats do not expect Mr. Buchanan to write letters and messages, and at the same time furnish his squatter sovereignty enemies brains to understand them. National men, and such men are all democrats, never had any trouble about the construction of Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance. It is perfectly plain to consistent and fair-minded people; but the political vision of the *Argus* is bounded by the murky horizon of squatter sovereignty. It has never been able to lift itself above the miasma of this baleful humbug, and breathe the pure atmosphere and realize the justice and beauty of the great principles of self-government as they radiate from, and are controlled by, the Constitution of the United States. Popular sovereignty, unless subordinate to this Constitution, is a popular humbug.

This letter of the President's seems to have worried the *Argus* more than the Douglas grip or a dozen boxes of Brandreth's pills taken in as many consecutive doses. We really pity our neighbor, but beg that he will not become desperate. If he can't understand the reasoning of the President, we might, if he should wish it, drop the old statesman's note, requesting, as his former letter is above the comprehension of our friend and pitcher, that he would condescend to write a supplemental letter for the private use of the *Argus*.

We might also state which, of course, would be strictly private, that our neighbor has had the nightmare for the last two years, resulting, as he believes, and is informed by his physician, from intense study of this infernal letter and his inability to comprehend it. Now, Mr. Buchanan being a bachelor and very good natured, as all bachelors are known to be, and having nothing to do as President of the United States, he would doubtless respond immediately if not sooner.

But to the letter. The *Argus* always quotes the following as uttered by the President: "The people of a Territory, like those of a State, shall decide for themselves, whether slavery shall or shall not exist within their limits," and here the organ of squatter sovereignty stops and demands, in a most triumphant manner, whether any one dare deny that the President is in favor of squatter sovereignty as the *Argus* understands it, that the majority in a Territory can abolish slavery at any time. "Yes," says the *Argus*, "come forth any one who dare assert that this is not the unalterable position of the President, and I will annihilate you at a blow."

It would really seem that the *Argus* believes it has impaled Old Buck on this stake, and that stands in front of him brandishing the club of squatter sovereignty and threatening destruction to any democrat who may come to the rescue.

We assert that the *Argus* has distorted the meaning of the President, and drawn a conclusion which is wrong, and utterly unjustifiable from the context of the letter.

There are many important political documents which, if taken in detached sentences, would pervert the true meaning of their authors, but which, if taken as a whole, would consistently sustain an entirely different construction. Mr. Buchanan is speaking of the slavery question, and states: "The recent legislation of Congress" (meaning the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska act), respecting domestic slavery, derived as it has been, from the original and pure fountain of legitimate political power, the will of the majority, promises are long to allay the dangerous excitement. This legislation" (as proposed by the Kansas-Nebraska act) "is founded upon principles as ancient as free government itself, and in accordance with them has simply declared that the people of a territory like those of a State, shall decide for themselves, whether slavery shall or shall not exist within their limits. The Nebraska-Kansas Act does no more than give the force of law to this elementary principle of self-government; declaring it to be 'the true interest and meaning of this Act not to legislate slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude it therefrom; but to leave the people thereof perfectly free to frame and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States.' This principle will surely not be controverted by any individual of any party professing devotion to popular government."

Thus every candid and unprejudiced man will see what the President asserts and means, that the legislation of a territory must be subordinate to the Constitution. He illustrates his meaning in his magazine address when he states that the proper time in his opinion, to dispose of the slavery question is when the people of a territory get ready to form a State Constitution when the majority shall decide whether they will or will not have slavery.

This is the doctrine of equality in the territories, for all people from every State which our candidates represent, and which Mr. Douglas and his squatter sovereignty advocate, the *Argus*, denounce and repudiate.

We leave it to candid men to say whether the *Argus* has not perverted the meaning of Mr. Buchanan's language and forced a conclusion utterly unwarranted by the context of the letter.

RETURN OF THE BOUNDARY SURVEYING PARTY.—Surveyor-General Higley's party, who left Sacramento on the 13th of June last, on a preliminary survey of the eastern boundary of the State, as provided in the act of the Legislature, appropriating \$15,000 for the same, returned on the 25th instant. The party, says the *Union*, commenced a survey at the south end of Lake Bigler, at the mouth of the Truckee river, and ran a line on east side of the Lake for about thirty miles, and thence up the Truckee for some distance; from thence they passed up the Henness Pass to Dog Valley, and from this place into Long Valley; thence through the Beckwith Pass into the Sierra Valley, and through it to Jackson's Ranch; from thence they proceeded homeward down Nevada county, leaving Phil Moore at San Juan. The party all returned here, excepting ex-Sheriff White, Moore and Cochran. They met with pleasant weather generally, which was only interrupted by a few showers of rain. The party return in good health, and well browed by the sun. They arrived in this city yesterday morning at about nine o'clock, having passed Tuesday night at Fuller's Ranch, on the Nevada road, twenty-two miles from the city, and encamped on the ground they left on the 13th of June. Their stock does not bear the least appearance it had on the day of departure, but is much reduced. They brought back all the horses except one which was taken sick, and was left behind to pick for himself. It is said the party had a pleasant trip, and enjoyed several happy fishing excursions on Lake Bigler.

DANGEROUS PLAYTHINGS.—The following particulars of an accident which occurred at Marysville the other day, which we extract from the *Express*, ought to be a warning to mothers not to let matches into the hands of young children:

"Mrs. Catharine Werenar, who keeps a boarding house on E street, between Third and Fourth, left her child in bed, covered with a sheet, and went about her domestic duties, leaving two or three small children in the room. After some time had elapsed one of the children ran to her and told her to run into the room quick. Seeing the child was alarmed she ran into the room and found the mosquito bar on the bed in flames. Indeed it had burned down and had communicated the flames to the sheets. She grabbed the child, gathered the burning clothes and endeavored to smother the fire. In doing so the flames communicated to her clothing and her legs, arms and breast were badly burned, and the child was also burned in a shocking manner. She has no idea how the fire originated. There were some matches in the room and the probability is that the children in playing had ignited one of them."

Rev. Mr. Giles, in a lecture, said: For himself, he rather disbelieved in accumulating riches. Nothing could induce him to be worth a million of dollars. He agreed with the wish which had the indorsement of Scripture, "Give me neither poverty nor riches," and, therefore, he would be content with a quarter of a million.

BORN IN TRANSIT.—The wife of a burly-gurdy man, while being conveyed lately to Marysville in a wagon, the proprietor of which had given the couple a ride, was safely delivered of a child. They were all doing well at last accounts.

THE PLUMAS ARGUS.—The *Plumas Argus*, after a suspension of six months, has reappeared. It is still under the management of Mr. John C. Lewis, and will be independent in politics.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of San Joaquin.

The People of the State of California, to David Michie, Greeting:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before me, at my office, in the village of Woodbridge, in the township of Elkhorn, in the county aforesaid, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1860, at the hour of one o'clock p.m. of said day, to answer the complaint of David Ray, now on file in my office, in an action on a promissory note executed by you to John A. Benson on order, on the 19th day of November, 1858, for the sum of seventy-seven dollars, payable twelve months after date, with three per cent. interest per month from date until paid, which is now the property of plaintiff. And if you fail to appear on that day, or within three days thereafter, and answer, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for said amount of \$77, and the interest, and for his costs and expenses of this suit.

Given under my hand this 27th day of July, A. D. 1860.

J. F. MILLIS,
Justice of the Peace.

Dissolution Notice.
THE partnership heretofore existing between Leonard & Hazard, in the Livery Stable business, was dissolved on the 25th of July, 1860.

F. LEONARD,
F. H. HAZARD.

Stockton, July 27, 1860.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the erection of a building for the proposed State Reform School, will be received by the Board of Trustees, at their office, in the city of Marysville, on and after the 26th of July inst., up to 12 o'clock, a.m., August 15th, 1860. Said building to be erected according to plans and specifications on file, and which can be seen in the office of the County Clerk of Yuba county, at the city of Marysville, during the above mentioned period. All the bids or sealed proposals will be opened on that day (Aug. 15th) and the contract awarded to the lowest responsible bidder—the Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids and advertise again. Each bid must be accompanied with a bond in double the amount of the bid, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, in case it should be awarded to the bidder. All bids must be sealed up and directed to the Trustees State Reform School, Marysville.

By order of the Board,
H. S. FOSBEE, Sec'y.

Marysville, July 23, 1860.—jy27:it

Election Notice.

OFFICE STOCKTON FIRE DEPARTMENT.
IN pursuance of an Ordinance regulating the Fire Department of the city of Stockton, notice is hereby given that an Election will be held on MONDAY, August 6th, 1860, for the following officers:

One Chief Engineer;
One First Assistant Engineer;
One Second Assistant Engineer.
Said election to be held and conducted according to the following resolution, passed by the Board of Delegates at their last meeting:

Resolved: That the next election for Engineers shall be held at the house of Weber Engine Company. Polls to open at 5 o'clock, a.m. and close at 8 o'clock, p.m., and J. Frank Kubus, of No. 1, El Weekes, of No. 2, and A. G. Wilhelm, of No. 3, be and are hereby appointed Judges to conduct said election.

W. R. JEFFERSON,
President Stockton F. D.

New Hay.

BY THE TON OR SINGLE BALE, delivered to any part of the city. For sale by

GALLUP & CHASE, Hunter st.

Raspberry and Lemon Syrup.

A SUPERIOR article, for sale by GALLUP & CHASE, Hunter street.

Hook and Ladder Nominations.—For Chief Engineer—G. H. SANDERSON, of Protection Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.

First Assistant—Philip Neistrath, of San Joaquin No. 3.

Second Assistant—W. T. SMILEY, of Weber Co. No. 1.

Weber Nominations.—At a special meeting of Weber Engine Company, No. 1, on the evening of the 17th, the following nominations for officers of the Stockton Fire Department were made:

For Chief Engineer—George H. Sanderson, of Protection Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.

For First Assistant—Philip Neistrath, of San Joaquin Engine Co. No. 3.

For Second Assistant—Wm. T. Smiley, of Weber Engine Co. No. 1.

By order of the Company.

WM. H. COBB, Secretary.

Notice.—At a special meeting of Eureka Engine Company, No. 2, held in their Hall on the evening of Saturday, July 14th, 1860, the following nominations were made for Chief and Assistant Engineers of the city of Stockton:

For Chief Engineer—Thos. J. Keys, of Eureka No. 2.

For First Assistant—Joseph Adams, of Weber No. 1.

For Chief Engineer—George H. Sanderson, of Protection H. & L. Co. No. 1.

By order of the Company.

A. G. WILHELM, Secretary.

HENDERSON & BELDING.

"ARCADE,"

MAIN STREET,

Between Hunter and El Dorado streets.

WE respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Stockton and vicinity that we have now in store one of the most splendid and cheapest stocks of

Fancy Goods

Ever imported into this city. Our stock comprises almost every thing in the way of

Domestic and Fancy Goods

too numerous to mention, having been purchased for cash, and many things less than importation prices which enables us to sell at prices that defy competition.

We sell for cash and a small profit. Being Importers of Linens from the celebrated House of Henderson & Sons, Belfast, enables us to guarantee them pure Irish Linens, and free from cotton.

One Price and no Deviation.

jy26 HENDERSON & BELDING.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

OSBORN & STEVENS

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Stockton and San Joaquin county generally, that they have just opened a large and choice stock of

Family Groceries,

LIQUORS, CROCKERY,

Wood and Willow Ware,

And every article usually found in their line.

Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

Call and examine our stock, on El Dorado st., between the Levee and Main.

C. L. OSBORN,
C. S. STEVENS.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Dealers supplied at the LOWEST

San Francisco Wholesale Prices.

M. KULLMANN,

ON THE LEVEE, between El Dorado and Centre streets, (in the building formerly occupied by Van Allen's Old Book-store, Stockton.)

HAS constantly on hand a complete stock of

Havana and Domestic Cigars.

Virginia Chewing Tobacco, most all established brands; French, German and Turkish Smoking Tobacco.

Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Snuff, in fact, every article pertaining to this business.

I have made arrangements to receive constantly by steamer, the latest and best brands of Cigars, direct from Havana.

Being thankful for past favors, I will strive to serve promptly and please my customers.

Orders from the country promptly and carefully attended to.

TO LOVERS OF A

REAL HAVANA CIGAR.

If you wish to smoke a good high flavored Cigar call at

Cigar Store, Levee, between El Dorado and Centre streets.

J. F. STORY.

Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

CAMPBELL,

BRUSHES,

BURNING FLUID,

"WALL PAPER,

GOLD AND SILVER LEAF

&c., &c., &c.

jy25 76 Main street, Stockton.

HO!

For the Copper Mines!

A TRI-WEEKLY EXPRESS will leave Hunter street, opposite the Court House, Stockton, for the Calaveras Copper Mines, on and after

WEDNESDAY, July 25, at 6 a.m.

Express matter and Letters left at the office will be carefully forwarded. Through passage, \$3.

BOLTON & BLANDING,

Proprietors.

jy25:2w

Caution.

I HEREBY caution all persons against trading for a certain Note, made and signed by me in favor of one John P. Johnson, dated Sacramento, July 17th, 1860, at 6 months, for the sum of \$337, as the aforesaid Note was obtained by fraud, and will not be paid.

July 22, 1860.—3t

ALBERT SWANSON.

Peach Baskets.

25 DOZEN New York Peach Baskets, for sale low by

ALLEN LEE BOURS.

CHAS. R. BOWEN & BRO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS.

HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS, &c.

Hunter st., opposite the Court House.

STOCKTON.

THE attention of purchasers and consumers of Groceries and Provisions is respectfully called to our large and superior

Stock of Goods,

And our complete arrangements for transacting a Wholesale and Retail business.

Having a resident partner in San Francisco, and obtaining our Goods at less than the market rates, we are thereby enabled to offer inducements to purchasers not to be equaled by any other house. We have now in store and daily receiving Goods selected with care from recent importations, consisting in part of the following:

SUGAR—Barrels refined Sugar;
Barrels New